139776



Material no. Specification Order Number

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

| Product information | | |
|---|---|--|
| Trade name Use of the Substance / Preparation | : | 830-1313 CAL-TINT®II BURNT UMBER Aqueous colorant |
| Company | : | Chromaflo Technologies Corporation 2600 Michigan Avenue Ashtabula,OH 44005-0816 USA |
| Telephone | : | 440-997-5137 |
| Telefax | : | 440-992-3613 |
| US: CHEMTREC EMERGENCY NUMBER | : | 800-424-9300 |
| CANADA: CANUTEC EMERGENCY NUMBER | : | 613-996-6666 |
| Product Regulatory Services | : | 440-536-9691 |

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

*** EMERGENCY OVERVIEW ***

Form-paste Color-brown Odor-Glycol odor.

CAL-TINT colorants may cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation. May be harmful if swallowed.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye contact

Moderately irritating. May cause tearing, reddening and/or swelling.

Skin Contact

Moderately irritating. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in defatting and drying of the skin causing skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

Inhalation

CAL-TINT colorants may cause irritation. Overexposure to aerosols or mists containing ethylene glycol may cause lung irritation. See exposure limit (section 8).

Ingestion

| | | | / // |
|--------|---------------|---------------|---|
| | Version | 2.3 / US | V |
| 420776 | Revision date | 01/15/2013 | |
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Ingestion of ethylene glycol may cause abdominal discomfort or pain, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness, irritability and central nervous system effects. Swallowing large volumes of ethylene glycol causes severe kidney damage and cardiopulmonary effects (metabolic acidosis) which may be fatal. The human oral lethal dose is approximately 1.6 g/kg.

echnologies

Ingestion of ethylene glycol can cause neurological impairment.

Repeated ingestion of ethylene glycol can cause bone marrow, liver, and sperm effects.

Chronic Health Hazard

Ethylene glycol may aggravate an existing kidney disease. Repeated skin contact with ethylene glycol may, in a very small proportion of cases, cause sensitization with the development of allergic contact dermatitis. The incidence is significantly less than 1% with the undiluted material. Repeated inhalation of ethylene glycol mist may produce signs of central nervous system involvement, particularly dizziness and drowsiness.

Some studies have linked exposure of carbon black dust to lung effects. IARC classifies carbon black as a Category 2B Carcinogen (known animal carcinogen, possible human carcinogen) based on inhalation studies. However, the manufacturers of carbon black state that epidemiologic studies of workers in the carbon black industry in the U.S. and W. Europe show no significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure.

Prolonged inhalation of iron oxide dust is known to produce a condition known as siderosis. On Xrays it appears to be a benign pneumoconiosis and is not associated with pulmonary fibrosis or disability unless there is concurrent exposure to other fibrosis producing materials such as silica. Overexposure to crystalline silica dust causes lung effects. There is sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of inhaled crystalline silica (IARC 1,OSHA).

Crystalline Silica has been assigned the A2 carcinogen designation by ACGIH, suspected human carcinogen.

Chronic inhalation of crystalline silica dust may cause kidney disease, auto-immune disease, and lymph node effects in humans.

Because this product is a free-flowing liquid or paste, dust inhalation is not an expected route of exposure.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Information on ingredients / Hazardous components

| Iroi | n Oxide | | | |
|------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | CAS-No. | 1309-37-1 | Percent (Wt./ Wt.) | 30 - 60 % |
| eth | nanediol; ethylene | 0, | | |
| | CAS-No. | 107-21-1 | Percent (Wt./ Wt.) | 10 - 30 % |
| Ma | anganese trioxide | | | |
| | CAS-No. | 1317-34-6 | Percent (Wt./ Wt.) | 5 - 10 % |
| Un | nber | | | |
| | CAS-No. | 12713-03-0 | Percent (Wt./ Wt.) | 5 - 10 % |
| NJ | TSR No.5670570 | | | |
| | CAS-No. | Trade Secret | Percent (Wt./ Wt.) | 5 - 10 % |
| Ca | lcium Carbonate | | | |
| | CAS-No. | 1317-65-3 | Percent (Wt./ Wt.) | 1 - 5 % |
| Ca | rbon black, amor | • | | |
| | CAS-No. | 1333-86-4 | Percent (Wt./ Wt.) | 1 - 5 % |
| Die | ethylene glycol | | | |

| 830-1313 CAL | -TINT®ILBU | JRNT UMBER | | Cinomano. |
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| | CAS-No. | 111-46-6 | Percent (Wt./ Wt.) | 1 - 5 % |
| Silica | a, crystalline (c CAS-No. | quartz) 14808-60-7 | Percent (Wt./ Wt.) | 1 - 5 % |

Chromaflo*

Other information

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If unconscious, evaluate the need for artificial respiration. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin contact

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Obtain medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes before reuse.

Eye contact

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes or until all material has been removed. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Get medical attention.

Never administer anything by mouth to an individual who rapidly losing conciousness, unconscious or convulsing.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire, use water (flood with water), dry chemical, CO2 or "alcohol" foam.

Specific hazards during fire fighting

Contains material that can burn in fire if contained water is evaporated by heat or fire. Burning will produce hazardous compounds including oxides of: carbon. nitrogen. sulfur.

Further information

As in any fire, wear self-contained positive-pressure breathing apparatus, (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat (fire). Cool with water spray.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

Wear personal protective equipment; see section 8.

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Environmental precautions

Obey relevant local, state, provincial and federal laws and regulations. Do not contaminate any lakes, streams, ponds, groundwater or soil.

Methods for cleaning up

Ventilate area. Absorb spill with inert material and place in a chemical waste container.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Safe handling advice

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep in a dry, cool place.

Keep container closed when not in use.

Residual vapors might explode on ignition; do not apply heat, cut, drill, grind or weld on or near this container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Component occupational exposure guidelines

Carbon black, amorphous

| | norphous | |
|---|---|---|
| CAS-No. Control parameters | 1333-86-4 3.5 mg/m3 3.5 mg/m3 | PEL:(OSHA Z1) Time Weighted Average (TWA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):(US CA OEL) |
| | 3 mg/m3 Inhalable fraction. | Time Weighted Average (TWA):(ACGIH) |
| ethanediol; ethyl | lene glycol | |
| CAS-No. | 107-21-1 100 mg/m3 Aerosol. | Ceiling Limit Value:(ACGIH) |
| | 40 ppm 100 mg/m3 Vapor. | Ceiling Limit Value:(US CA OEL) |
| Silica, crystalline | e (quartz) | |
| CAS-No. | 14808-60-7 0.05 mg/m3 Respirable particles. | Time Weighted Average (TWA):(ACGIH) |

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| Material no. Specification Order Number | 139776 | Version Revision date Print Date Page | 2.3 / US 01/15/2013 04/06/2013 5 / 12 | ologies |
| | Deeniach | la duat | Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) OEL <mark>)</mark> | : <mark>(</mark> US C/ |
| | Respirab | ie dust. | | |
| | 0.3 mg/m | 13 | Time Weighted Average (TWA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) OEL) |): <mark>(</mark> US C/ |
| | Total dus | it. | | |
| | per cubic | ns of particles foot of air | Time Weighted Average (TWA):(2 | Z3 <mark>)</mark> |
| | | sure limit is calculated | from the equation, 250/(%SiO2+5), using a of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits. | a value (|
| | 0.1 mg/m | | Time Weighted Average (TWA):(2 | Z3 <mark>)</mark> |
| | | sure limit is calculated | from the equation, 10/(%SiO2+2), using a of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits. | value of |
| | 0.3 mg/m | | Time Weighted Average (TWA):(2 | Z3 <mark>)</mark> |
| | | sure limit is calculated | from the equation, 30/(%SiO2+2), using a SiO2 will give higher exposure limits. | value of |
| | 0.025 mg Respirab | ı/m3 le fraction. | Time Weighted Average (TWA):(A | ACGIH <mark>)</mark> |
| Iron Oxid | e | | | |
| CAS-No. | 1309-37- 10 mg/m3 Fume. | | PEL:(OSHA Z1) | |
| | 5 mg/m3 | | Time Weighted Average (TWA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) OEL) |): <mark>(</mark> US CA |
| | Fume. | | - / | |
| | 5 mg/m3 Respirab | le fraction. | Time Weighted Average (TWA):(A | ACGIH <mark>)</mark> |
| Mangane | se trioxide | | | |
| CAS-No. | 1317-34- 5 mg/m3 0.2 mg/m | as Mn | Ceiling Limit Value:(OSHA Z1) Time Weighted Average (TWA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) |): <mark>(</mark> US C/ |
| | 0.2 mg/m | n3 as Mn | OEL <mark>)</mark> Time Weighted Average (TWA):(A | ACGIH <mark>)</mark> |
| | Carbonate 1317-65- | 2 | | |
| CAS-No. | 5 mg/m3 | | PEL:(OSHA Z1) | |

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Respirable fraction.

15 mg/m3 Total dust.

3 mg/m3 Respirable particles.

10 mg/m3 Inhalable particles. PEL:(OSHA Z1)

Time Weighted Average (TWA):(ACGIH)

Time Weighted Average (TWA):(ACGIH)

Other information

The exposure value for ethylene glycol is given as an aerosol. The exposure value for crystalline silica is for the respirable fraction.

Engineering measures

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 or applicable federal/provincial requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use. NIOSH's "Respirator Decision Logic" may be useful in determining the suitability of various types of respirators.

Hand protection

Use impermeable gloves.

Eye protection

Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.

Skin and body protection

A safety shower and eye wash fountain should be readily available. To identify additional Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) requirements, it is recommended that a hazard assessment in accordance with the OSHA PPE Standard (29CFR1910.132) be conducted before using this product.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Form Color Odor | paste brown Glycol odor. |
| Safety data | |
| рН | 8.0 - 9.0 |
| Boiling point/range | > 100 °C |
| Relative density | 1.7 |
| Solubility/qualitative | Solubility in water: Dispersible. |

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET 920-1212 CAL TINTON BUDNET UMPED

| MATERIAL \$ 830-1313 CAI | Chromafle* Technologies | | | |
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| Viscosity, dyn | amic | 75 - 90 KU <mark>(</mark> 25 °C <mark>)</mark> | | |
| Solvents and | Volatiles Data | % VOC (gm/l) | 359 | |
| Evaporation ra | ate | Slower than butyl acetat | e | |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Conditions to avoid | Not applicable. |
|---------------------|---|
| Materials to avoid | strong acids, oxidizing substances |
| | sodium hypochlorite |
| | Ethylene oxide and guanidinum perchlorate (incompatible with iron oxide.) |

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| Component Acute oral toxicity | Iron Oxide 1309-37-1 LD50 Rat: > 5000 mg/kg |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| | ethanediol; ethylene glycol 107-21-1 LD50 Rat(female): 4000 mg/kg |
| | NJTSR No.56705700001-5043P Trade Secret LD50 Rat: 3000 mg/kg |
| | Carbon black, amorphous 1333-86-4 LD50 Rat: >10000 mg/kg |
| | Diethylene glycol 111-46-6 LD50 Rat: 20760 mg/kg |
| Component Acute inhalation toxicity | Carbon black, amorphous 1333-86-4 LC50 Rat: 6750 mg/m3 / 4 h |
| Component Acute dermal toxicity | ethanediol; ethylene glycol 107-21-1 LD50 Rabbit: 10500 mg/kg |
| | NJTSR No.56705700001-5043P Trade Secret LD50 Rabbit: 4400 mg/kg |



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|---|----------------|--|--|--|
| | | Diethylene glycol 111-46-6 LD50 Rabbit: 13300 mg/kg | | |
| Component Rep toxicity | eated dose | ethanediol; ethylene glycol 107-21-1 Chronic ingestion of an ingred adverse effects on the periphe | | |
| Component Mut assessment | agenicity | Carbon black, amorphous 1333-86-4 This product contains one or r produce mutagenic effects in i | | hat have been shown to |
| Component card assessment | cinogenicity | Carbon black, amorphous 1333-86-4 Some studies have linked exp IARC classifies carbon black a carcinogen, possible human of However, the manufacturers of studies of workers in the carbo show no significant adverse h | as a Category 2B arcinogen) based of carbon black sta on black industry | Carcinogen (known animal on inhalation studies. ate that epidemiologic in the U.S. and W. Europe |
| | | Silica, crystalline (quartz) 14808-60-7 Contains a component which (carcinogenic to humans). | is classified as an | IARC Group 1 carcinogen |
| Component tera assessment | togenicity | ethanediol; ethylene glycol 107-21-1 Ethylene glycol has been shor effects in rats and mice when concentrations or doses. How information to suggest that eth humans. | given by gavage vever, there is cur | or in drinking water at high rently no available |
| Component Ger Information | neral Toxicity | ethanediol; ethylene glycol 107-21-1 Ethylene glycol may aggravate contact with ethylene glycol m sensitization with the develope incidence is significantly less to Repeated inhalation of ethyler nervous system involvement, | hay, in a very sma ment of allergic co than 1% with the u the glycol mist may | Il proportion of cases, cause ontact dermatitis. The undiluted material. y produce signs of central |
| | | Diethylene glycol 111-46-6 According to long-term animal of diethylene glycol vapors ca and rats. However, an extens such effects have been docum and Toxicology, 1982, Third R In a continuous breeding stud | used central nerve sive review of the nented in humans Revised Ed., Vol 2 | ous system effects in mice literature shows that no (Patty's Industrial Hygiene c, p 3838). |

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amounts of diethylene glycol (6 g/kg/day) caused an adverse effect on fertility and some embryotoxic and fetotoxic effects concurrent with some maternal toxicity. The relevance of these very high doses to humans is uncertain.

Silica, crystalline (quartz) 14808-60-7 Chronic inhalation of crystalline silica dust may cause kidney disease, auto-immune disease, and lymph node effects in humans. Crystalline silica has shown positive results in "in vitro" screening tests for mutagenicity.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Ecological Information No ecotoxicological studies are available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL

Advice on disposal

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state, provincial and local regulations. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Empty containers by removing the top and inverting to allow all free-flowing product to drain. To meet regulatory criteria, the container is considered empty when less than 3% remains in the container. Additional special handling is not typically required and the empty container can be discarded with other nonhazardous trash. Note: Local disposal regulations may be more stringent and require additional restrictions or precautions. Customers should check with their local disposal company, municipal or state authority. Recycle of plastic or metal containers may require clean rather than empty containers. In this case the containers can be rinsed with water until the containers are considered generally product free.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

D.O.T. Road/Rail

| Class UN-No Packing group Proper shipping name | 9 3082 III Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. | |
|---|---|--|
| Loading instructions/R | emarks | |
| IATA_C | Not dangerous according to transport regulations. | |
| IATA_P | Not dangerous according to transport regulations. | |
| IMDG | IDG Not dangerous according to transport regulations. | |

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| CFR_RAIL | USA: Not regulated for transport when package contains less than the reportable quantity listed in section 15 of the msds. | | | | |
| CFR_ROAD | USA: Not regulated for transport when package contains less than the reportable quantity listed in section 15 of the msds. | | | | |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Information on ingredients / Non-hazardous components

This product contains the following non-hazardous components

| Wate | ſ | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------|--------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | CAS-No. | 7732-18-5 | Percent (Wt./ Wt.) | 10 - 30 % | |
| NJTSR No.56705700001-5068P | | | | | |
| | CAS-No. | Trade Secret | Percent (Wt./ Wt.) | 1 - 5 % | |
| | | | | | |

US Federal Regulations

OSHA

If listed below, chemical specific standards apply to the product or components:

None listed

Clean Air Act Section (112)

If listed below, components present at or above the de minimus level are hazardous air pollutants:

- ethanediol; ethylene glycol CAS-No. 107-21-1
- Manganese trioxide
 - 1317-34-6

CERCLA Reportable Quantities

If listed below, a reportable quantity (RQ) applies to the product based on the percent of the named component:

• ethanediol; ethylene glycol CAS-No. 107-21-1 Reportable Quantity 41667 lbs

SARA Title III Section 311/312 Hazard Categories

The product meets the criteria only for the listed hazard classes:

- Acute Health Hazard
- Chronic Health Hazard

SARA Title III Section 313 Reportable Substances

If listed below, components are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

• ethanediol; ethylene glycol

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CAS-No. 107-21-1

 Manganese trioxide CAS-No. 1317-34-6

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

If listed below, non-proprietary substances are subject to export notification under Section 12 (b) of TSCA:

None listed

Other US Federal Regulatory Information

Note: Silica, crystalline (airborne particles of respirable size) is listed as a carcinogen under California Proposition 65. However, the physical form of this product (a free flowing paste) precludes exposure to airborne particles of respirable size.

State Regulations

California Proposition 65

A warning under the California Drinking Water Act is required only if listed below:

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer.

- Carbon black, amorphous CAS-No. 1333-86-4
- Silica, crystalline (quartz) CAS-No. 14808-60-7

International Chemical Inventory Status

Unless otherwise noted, this product is in compliance with the inventory listing of the countries shown below. For information on listing for countries not shown, contact the Product Regulatory Services Department.

- USA (TSCA)
- Canada (DSL)
- Japan (MITI)
- Korea (TCCL)
- Philippines (PICCS)

Listed/registered Listed/registered Not listed/Not registered Not listed/Not registered Not listed/Not registered

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Ratings

| Health : | 2* |
|-------------------|----|
| Flammability : | 1 |
| Physical Hazard : | 0 |

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Further information

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.